MAN YORK TERMIND SUMBAY, MAY 36, 1805 STREET, MAY

# EUROPE.

Earl Derby Affirms the Death Sentence on Coionel Burke. ef the Fenian Army.

The Congregation of Sovereigns in Paris.

Prussia on the Consolidation North Schleswig.

Mapoleon's Explanation of the Luxemburg Peace Treaty.

Brial and Sentence of the Greatrex Forgers Extradited from New York.

BY THE CABLE TO MAY 25.

# THE FERIANS AND THE OUEEN.

et Burke to be Hanged-His Sentence Again Changed. London, May 25, 1867.

Earl Derby officially says that the Fenian Burke nce of death was recently commuted to imout for life, will surely be hanged.

#### GERMAN CONSOLIDATION.

Prussia Negotiating the Schleswig Question Break, May 25, 1887. The government of Prussia and that of Denmark are ng for the settlement of the North Schleswij

#### THE CONGREGATION OF SOVEREIGNS.

The Czar, the Sultan, King William and the Austrian Emperor to Meet in Paris. Paris, May 25, 1867. The Czar of Russia, King William of Prussia, the Emperor Francis Joseph of Austria and the Sultan of Turkey will all be here in about two weeks.

#### FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

The London Money Market. London, May 25—10 A. M. he general opinion at this hour that cons open at the closing quotation of last evening, or r; that United States five-twenty bonds and Illinois shares will exhibit a decline.

The Continental Bourses.

FRANKPORT, May 25—Afternoon.
tes five-twenty bonds have sold here to-day

The Liverpool Cotton Market. Liverpool, May 25-10 A. M.

Invertoot, May 25—Noon.
In firm The estimated sales to-day are 10,000
Middling uplands, 11d.; middling Orleans, 114d.

Liverproof, May 25—Evening.
In classe firm. The sales to-day feet up 12,000
Middling uplands, 12d.; middling Orleans, 114d.

Liverproof Breathers, 12d.; middling Orleans, 114d.

Liverproof, Breathers, 12d. 12d.

Liverproof, 12d. 12d. 12d.

10d. 2d. Whest—Sales of No. 1 Milwankse red
9d., and white California at 16d. Cats, 3s. 6d.

4s. 7d. Poss, 41s. 6d.

LIVERPOOL, May 25-Evening. se steady. Corn, 39s. 3d. Whe Oalifornia, 14a; No. 1 Milwaukee red, 13a, 9d. 6d. Barley, 4a, 74

LIVERPOOL, May 25—Noon.
Provisions unchanged. Pork; 80s. Beef, 128s. 64.

Lard, 50s. 6d. Bacon, 39s. Cheese, 67s.
Liverroot, May 25—Evening. Pork, 80s. Beef, 130s. Lard, 50s. Bacon, 39s. Cheese,

Liverpool Produce Market.

Liverpool May 25—Noon.

Produce without change. Petroleum—Spirits, 11d.;

tendard white, Is 3d. Pot ashes, 32s. 6d. Rosin—
also of common at 7s. 3d., and the at 12s. 6d. Spirits

The state of the sta turpentine, 35s. 3d. Tallow, 43s. 9d. Cloverseed, 57s. LIVERPOOL, May 25-Evening.

Pot ashes, 32a 6d. Rosin—Common, 7s. 3d.; fine, 12a. Spirits of turpentine, 35a 3d. Tallow, 43a 6d. Clover-ced, 57a. Petroleum-Spirits, 11d.; standard white, 1s. 3d. The London Markets.

LONDON, May 25-Noon.

No. 12 Dutch standard sugar, 24s. Scotch pig iron, 68a 6d. Calcutta linzeed, 65s. Linseed cates, £9 15s. Oils—Linseed, £39 10s.; sperm, £131. Whale, £39.

LONDON, May 25-Evening. No. 12 Dutch standard sugar, 24s. Scotch pig iron, 63s 6d. Calcutta linesod, 65s. Linesod cakes, £9 15s. Oils-Linseed, £89 10s.; sperm, £181; whale, £39. Autwerp Petroleum Market.
Astweep, May 25-Evening.

Patroleum closed at 42 francs 50 centimes per bbl, for Pennsylvania and Canada refined.

# BY STEAMSHIP TO MAY 14.

The German mail steamship Hermann, Captain Wenke, which left Bremen on the 11th and Southampton on the 14th of May, at four o'clock in the afternoon, arrived at this port yesterday doon, bringing mail details of our cable despatches to her day of sailing.

The Hermann landed about seven hundred passengers.

As in the case of the mails of the Africa, dated to the

11th of May, the main potnes of the written reports by the Hermann have been anticipated by cable news teleame to the HERALD.

The Senoine Financiere of Paris observes:—
Two facts of considerable importance result from the beneficent and rapid labors of the London Conference. In the first piace, all danger of war has now gone by; secondly, we owe this happy solution of a crisis in which France was so deeply concerned to the friendly and efficacious co-operation of England. By this incident France and England must be drawn closer to each other. It will be the starting point of a new Angle-French altiance, beased on a rangacious and skilful policy; and everybody knows that with such an alliance the tranquility of Europe will be for a long time secured.

The London Fines of the lath of May, commenting on

The London Times of the 14th of May, commenting on the Derby Reform bill for Scotland, says :-

the Derby Reform bill for Scotland, says:—

The outline of the Reform bill for Scotland had been revealed before the Chanceller of the Exchequer made his statement yeaterday evening. It was known that the borough franchise was to be the same in the northern as in the acuthern half of the island, and it was known that the compound householder found no place in the economy of our cannier fellow-subjects. A household rating suffrage is to be, in Scotland as in England, henceforth the borough qualification. The Scotch members with a singular unanimity of approval.

The Prince of Wales continued in Paris. He was the meast of the Scotland as the Scotla

rigit the Exhibition, and remain in the city eight days.

The King of Italy will be in Paris early in June.

The King of Greece arrived in Saint Petersburg May
12, and the Emperor of Russia left Moscow on his return so the capital.

Mail reports from Greek sources assert that Omar Pasha attacked Sphakia, in Candia, on the 4th of May. but was repulsed, and that he renewed his attack on the Howing day, when he was again defeated, with great

We are authorized to declare wholly incorrect the news published by the Memorial Diplomatique, that Russia only consented to Italy's participation in the London conference on condition that the occasion should not be considered as a precedent. Italy is fully guittled to lake part in assemblies of the "Powers. None

of the Powers represented at the conference proper any such restriction, which, fially on the other has could not but have rejected; and Russia, so far fro placing any obstacle in the way of her future status Europe, congratulated herself upon Italy having take that position among the great Powers to w...ton she

riff, eighteen thousand workmen addressed a letter to the government in St. Petersburg inquiring what foundation exists for these rumors. The Finance Minister, in his reply, says that he does not sympathize with the free trade views of M. Motinari. He does not sire a reduction of the tariff. The Minister for Foreign Affairs, replying to the same inquiries, declares that he sees no necessity to reduce the tariff in favor of foreign countries, although such a reduction might improve the relations with foreign governments. The question of the lowering of the tariff would therefore remain unin-

fluenced by political motives.

The London Saturday Review and the London Rev concur in recommending that the extreme penalty of the law should not be inflicted on the Fenian prisoners

convicted of high treason.

The Pall Mall Gasette believes that the government is in possession of information proving that the failure of the late insurrection has not damped the hopes or broken the organization of the Fenians, and that there is still

need for extreme vigilance.

The Croatian Diet postponed the discussion of the address to the throne. The Diet resolved to abstain from passing all resolutions or bills until the resolution of the Dief, that no member shall be hable to be proceeded for

manotion of the Emperor of Austria.

The Australian Postal Conference in Melbourne has agreed to maintain three routes, vm. Gnile, Panama and forres Straits respectively, and will ask the imperial government to pay half the cost of service, the color paying the other half. The Protectionist Tariff bill ha passed the Lower House. It operates very injuriously bourne on the 1st of October

Reports from India state that the prospects of the tes rardens in Assam are favorable.

The Chinese rebels have (March 26) burnt several vitlages in Yangtsekiang. An carthquake took place at Hankow on the 14th of March, but no damage was done

THE PEACE TREATY.

French Official Announcement of the Settle. ment of the Luxemburg Question-The Nego-tlations in Loudon and Provisions of the

Treaty—What France Gains.

In the session of the Legislative Body of France, on the 13th of May, the Marquis de Moustier made the following communication, of which a brief news report by the cable was published in the Hazard yesterday:

the cable was published in the Herald yesterday:

The Marquis said—Gentlemen, the London Conference has terminated its labors, having sagned, on the lith inst., a treaty determining in a decisive manner the linternational position of the duchy of Luxemburg. The Franch government had for some time past been preoccupied by the undecided state in which this question, so important for the security of our frontiers, remained. Whether this security was assured by the union of the Duchy to France, or by any other combination, the chief point for us was that Prussia, in the new position which she had acquired by the last European changes, should not retain beyond her boundaries, and outside all international right, a military establishment which towards us constituted an eminently effensive positi n. We were warranted in hoping that our friendly relations with the Cavinet of Berlin would practice positi n. We were warranted in hoping that our friendly relations with the Cavinet of Berlin would pract the way for a favorable solution, for our intention has always been to spare Prussia's just susceptibilities, and to bring to the question, which had a European character, an housest examination of treaties and of the interests of the great Powers. We hastened to remove all cause for conditions, in which Powers opened the preparatory negotiations, in which blance of Laternburg, taking into consideration the dissolution of the tics which bound it to the old Germanic Confederation, invuled the novereigns of Austria, Beigium, France, Great Britain, Prussis and Russia to assemble their representatives at London in order to coperer with the Plonipotentiaries of the King-Grand Duke engagements for the future with a view to the maintenance of peace. The sovereigns having soccepted this invitation recoved to respond to the desire of the King of Italy to participate in deliberations destined to assure the maintenance of the general tranquillity. The Duke declared that he maintained the concession of the ducky with the House of Nassau. This declaration was accepted, and note taken of it. The ducky we declared that ducky the ducky with the Rouse of the the ducky was declared and under the sanction and collective guarantee of the signing Powers, with the exception of Belimum, which is already a neutral of the treaty are exchanged. The artillery will begin to be withdrawn, together with the munitions of war, abortly. There will then only remain the troops indepensable for the safety and the despatch of the material of war. The Duke of Luxemburg engaged to take measures to consert the fortress into an open town, by such demolition as he shall consider sufficient for the satisfaction of the Powers. The work will commence after the retreat of the garrison, which will be carried out with due regard to the interests of the inhabitants. The ratifications will be exchanged at latest within four weeks. The treaty fully accords with the views of the French government. It does away with a state of things established against us in will times, and which has been maintained for fifty years. It gives to our northern frontier the guarantee of another neutralized State. It secures to the King-drand Duke complete independence, and it not only removes the causes of an imminent conflict, but gives fresh pledges for the strengthening of good relations and for the maintenance of the peace of Europe. The government has to congratulate itself upon having obtained these results, and to make known how just and friendly are the sectiments of the Powers towards us. The government thinks it useful to especially point out that for the first time the meeting of a conference, instead of following a war and confining itself to sanctioning its results, has succeeded in anticipating it and in preserving the bonesits of peace. This is a precious indication of the new tendencies which preventil as the words, and over which the friends of progress and civilization should rejoice.

M. Jules Favre asked that the papers on the subject

# joice. M. Jules Favre asked that the papers on the subject should be communicated to the House in order that a debate might subsequently take place. M. Rouher replied that they would only be communicated after the ratifications had been exchanged. THE GREATREX FORGERY.

Trial of Greatrex and the Grimshaws for Forgery on the Union Bank of Scotland— The Extradition from New York—Jane Welr's Testimony-Conviction and Sen-

The Extradition from New York—Jane Weir's Testimony—Conviction and Sentence, &cc.

(From the London Times, May 14.)

On Thursday John Henry Greatrer, Sewell Grimshaw and Thomas Grimshaw were placed at the bar of the high Court of Justiciary at Edinburg, charged with the forgery of nearly 1400 £1 notes of the Union Bank of Scotland. The indicament charged the prisoners under the Act 45th George III., cap. 89, with forgery and the possession of forged documents, as also at common law with lorgesy and uttering. There were twenty-one charges, the first relating to the forgery of 1,325 notes, as per inventory, in the premises of Greatrex, who was a photographer in Glasgow, the second to the possession of these notes, the third and fourth to possession on the part of the Grimshaws of the and notes, and the remaining charges to the forgery of individual notes, and to the uttering of them in shops in Glasgow, Greenock, Stirling, Edinburgh and Dalkeith. The prisoners pleaded "Not guilty."

The first witnesses called were Mary Gibb, Elizabeth Robertson, Margaret Sinclair, Elizabeth Kennedy and Alexander Hutcheson, who had been employed by Greatrex. Their testimony was to the effect that the Grimshaws had, in the spring and summer of 1860, come constantly to the premises of Greatrex, that a room (formerly the laundry of the house) was cleared for some operations unconnected with photography, in which the Grimshaws constantly worked, from an early boar in the morning till a late hour at night, and that Greatrex also spent much of his time there, especially latterly, when his business as a photographer began te fall off.

Alexander McCall, Superistendent of Police, after the forgeries were rumored, traced the lithographic stones to Telford's, and they were then put into the hands of George McDonald, thtographic printer, who deposed that there was no visible impression on them when he received them, but, by the application of a proparation used for bringing up faint impressions, he brought up on one of the stones the impress

by engraving the note on a copper plate and transferring it to the stone for printing. He told her it was Sewe Grimshaw who engraved the plates, and that Thoms was to advance the money and give his assistance generally to the work. On subsequent occasions, almost and the plate occasions, almost and the plate occasions, almost and the printing preserved the printing preserved and proved bet one or two of the printed notes. She saw the printing preserved at denier and showed bet one or two of the printed notes. She saw the printing press and a stone upon it from which the first impressions were own dentity being taken in a blue ink. Some time afterward Greatrex told her the notes were completed, and he said written the signatures. She saw bundles of the notes in a cupboard. About this time Greatrex proposes to her to leave the country with him. She was to tell her father she was soing on her holidays, which she did. She went to Aberdeen to stay with some friends, while Greatrex and the Grimshaws were to go about the country and get the notes exchanged. Greatrex came to Aberdeen unexpectedly. He came to inquire for a remittance of £30 he had sent her. She had received no such remittance. She had gone to Rosehill, and had not got the telegram he sent her from Stirfing. The telegram was as follows.—"From J. H. Rivers, Stiring, to Jane Weir, 46 Dec street, Abordeen. £30 sent. Have you received it? £50 more sent to-day." Greatrex had called at Dec street before following her to Rosehill, and had got the letter with the £30, and the £30 and the called at Dec street before following her to Rosehill, and had got the letter with the £30, and the first provided that day. She went with him to Forsyth's Hotel, and on her return from the station, whither she had gone to inquire for two boxes which were to be forwarded in the name of Mr. Rivers, she found Greatrex in an excited state, he having seen in the newspapers an account of the discovery of the forgery. He said he should require to leave immediately, and eleft for Loudo second of the discovery of the forgery. He said he should require to leave immediately, and left for Lor don that executing. He told her to address to him a "Mr. Gray. Brown's Private Hotel, Strand, London. She left for London two days after and jound Graires They thou went to Mitchell's lodgings, Watertoo row where they fired for a week. In the course of that tim he was in the receipt of the scotch newspapers containing the news of the forgery. At the said of the wretter, we have a sometien. He took a passage by the Horman, as went off at once, she waited a week after for the boxes from Aberdeen but they did not come. When he reached New York Greatrex was on the pier waiting for her. They went first to a hotel and alterwards to lodgings, where they passed as Mr. and Mrs. Parker which was the name they had sailed ender. A few weeks after her arrival there Greatrex was apprehended by Superintendent Mctall and was taken back to Sootland. While in Aberdeen Greatrex told her that after reading the newspaper be lead burned the forgod notes it his possession.

land. While in Aberdeon Greatex told her that after reading the newspaper he had burned the forgod notes in his possession.

Tross-examined.—There were no bad notes among the money sent to her in Aberdeen. Greatex gave her money to bring her home from New York.

Evidence was then led to show that Sewell Grimshaw was an engraver, and was 'so good a workman that he generally got the finest jobs," and that he had a set of extra fine tools. John Gilmour, of Gilmour & Dean, Glasgow, deposed that they printed drafts and checks for the Union Bank, but that their notes were printed in London. He had examined the notes in evidence, and found them to be forged. The genuine note was engraved by a much more elaborate process than the forged ones. Jacob Perkins Eacon deposed that his firm engraved the notes of the Union Bank, and that the forgeries showed many points of difference. There were in the forged note only thirty-five lines behind the word "One." instead of thirty-seven; the engraving of the vignette was imperfect, especially in the shoulder of one of the figures. They were certainly not prepared by his firm. Some of the forged notes had numbers the same as those he lad manufactured. Peter Lamb and William Cairns Wyper, clerks in the Union Bank, whose names were on the notes, deposed that the signatures were forgeries in every case. About £80 in gold and silver and about £40 on Sewell, and in their baggang found at Eskbank station, near Dalkeith, 1,292 notes were found and about £30.

Alexander McCall was recalled to tell the story of his search for Greatex, whom he traced to New York and approhended there on the 27th of November, eight days after his arrival there. Greatex and Jane Weir were living in lodgings there as Mr. and Mrs. Parker. Witness gave particulars as to the contents of their boxes, including the boxes returned from Aberdeen, which went out in the same steamer with himself. He found a felt hat, a purse, a pair of boots and a pair of slippers, which other witnesses deposed to having been purchased

chased in Scotland. He also found articles with the names of the Grimshaws.

The declarations of the prisoners were then read. Greatrex stated that he was thirty-eight years of age; that the Grimshaws had come to him to receive instructions in photo-gaivanography and photo-lithography. He received £150 from Thomas for the instruction given. He had hastened from Aberdeen on seeing the paragraph in the newspapers, fearing he should be suspected from having been so much associated with the Grimshaws; but he denied all knowledge of the forgery or possession of forged notes of the Union Bank.

Sewell Grimshaw called himself a commercial traveller, and said he was a native of Lanarknite, and thirty-two years of age. He admitted having had a hand in the manufacture of forged notes, but declined to say who assisted bum or where the manufacture took piace. He affiterwards stated that an agreement had been made with Greatrex to join together in the manufacture. Thomas Grimshaw said he was thirty-six years of age, and has no fixed place of residence. He admitted that the notes were manufactured on the premises of Greatrex, and that he had a share in the work.

There was very little exculpatory evidence.

On Saturday the Court resumed, when the Solicitor General (Mr. Miller) addressed the jury for the Crown, and Mr. Scott and Mr. MeLean for the prisoners.

The Lord Justice Clerk then charged the jury, who, after an absence of thirty-five minutes, brought in a verdict of guilty on ten of the charges, including the first, the other charges having either been withdrawn or not insisted os.

The prisoner Greatrax was sentenced to twenty years' and the Grimshawa to fifteen years' penal servitude.

The ourt was quite crowded throughout the trial The wife and child of Greatrax were present throughout the case.

The prisoner Greatrax was, up to a recent period, a regular preacher on Sunday mights on Glasgow Green, and it is said he preached on the Green on the morning of Prichard's execution.

## NEWS FROM TROY.

SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE HERALD. Illness of Bishop Lynch-The Trout Fishing

Tragedy, &c.
Tror, N. Y., May 25, 1867.
The Right Rev. Roman Catholic Bishop Lynch, of Toronto, who was taken suddenly ill at Buffalo, lies in a very precarious condition. He had come from Canada to assist in the dedication of a church at Batavia to-

morrow.

McNaughton, the victim of the Mumford trout fishing tragedy, in Monroe county, is dead. He was formerly in the Union army, where he had been imprisoned on charge of murdering a soldier, and was subsequently

held in durance for robbing.

John Tatlock, LL. D., for thirty years past professor of mathematics in Williams College, Mass., will resign at

Brigadier General Alonzo Alden bas taken command of the Tenth brigade of the National Guard, with Major Wm. E. Kesselburgh, a veteran, as Adjutant General and

Chief of Staff.

Several of the counterfeiters have been convicted and sentenced, both at Rochester and Richmond, Va.

The announcement that the Rev. Dr. Jackson, President of Hobart College, Geneva, had accepted a cail to the Presidency of Trinity College, Hartford, seems to be premature. There have been rumors of its probability for some time, but no definite action has yet been had by the Board of Trustees, and no official call extended.

## THE LABOR QUESTION.

Journeymen Bakers' Protective Union.
The sixth weekly meeting of this association was held at their room last evening, Putnam Hall, corner Twelfth street and Third avonue. The usual preliminary business having been disposed of, it was, on motion, resolved to reconsider the resolution, passed last Saturday evening, demanding, on and after July 4th next, an additionat three dollars per week upon all wags now put as this time, and the further consideration of the matter post-poned until the last Saturday evening in June. On resolution, a standing committee was appointed to confer with he journeymen bakers throughout the city to ascertain their views upon the contemplated strike. Letters from the Trades' Union, congratulatory in their tone, were received and read by the President.

The House Painters of Breeklyn.

The Brooklyn House Painters' Protective Union met
on Friday night at No. 369 Fulton street, the President, Mr. J. E Pollard in the chair. A number of new members added their names to the roll, as notice was given that the initiation fee would be increased in June. The journey men painters have not appeared to take as much interest in the society as some of the other trades. The members are, however, gradually increasing.

## ATTEMPTED MURDER.

Cuts the Threat of His Brother-in-Law—
The Wounded Man in a Critical Condition.
Between eleven and twelve o'clock last night a stabbing afray occurred in the tenement house No. 50 Washington street, which will in all probability prove fatal.
It seems that a man named Daniel Tinney, who resides
in the above building, became involved in an altercation
with his wife, and while under a state of great excitement struck her several times, knocking her down and with his wife, and while under a state of great excite-ment struck her several times, knocking her down and cutting her head severely. Her brother, named Thomas Corrigan, a young man about twenty-two years of age, who was near at the time, hearing the disturbance, went to the assistance of his sister. He arrived just as Tinney had knocked his wife down. He seized hold of Tinney had knocked his wife down. He seized hold of Tinney and tried to get him out of the room, when they engaged in a scuffle, and Corrigan, drawing a knife, plunged it in the neck of Tinney, on the right side, indicting a gash of about two inches in length, and breaking the blade in his neck. He then made another cut at him, and indicted a serious wound over the right eye. Roundsman McKilbey and officer Coyle hearing of the affray ran up stairs, and Corrigan was taken into custody by McKilbey and locked up in the Twenty-seventh precinct station house. The injured man was attended by Dr. H. D. Dibble, and his wounds dressed. At last accounts he was in a very critical condition.

## THE FENIANS.

Continued War Preparations in New York. Large amounts of arms and munitions of war are since present time being manufactured rapidly in New the present time being manufactured rapidly in New York, and although various quarters, such as Nebraska Territory and San Francisco, are suggested as their desnation, still a very conclusive opinion may be formed

on the point from recent Fenian proceedings.

At the armory of Messrs, Starr, corner of Bedford and Houston streets, men are now working both day and night in the manufacture of small arms. Old Enfield rifles imported from England and springfield muskets

it is believed that they have not gone out of the city rided for active service. For the past four mo

wided for solive service. For the past four months the Messers Starr have turned out on an average no less than fifteen hundred rifles a week, all of which have been sent off as acon as completed to certain private parties in New York city, who appear to have given a large contract to the firm.

A month age, one hundred nine and eleven-inch rifled ship guns were shipped also by this firm, after being rounvated and meanted on new and improved carriages. All these facts have undoubtedly some hidden meaning the healthm. and although much account is observed at an page.

All these facts have undoubtedly some hidder at the bottom, and although much secreey is one about the manufacture of these game at present about the manufacture of these a New York, it is carried on to a very his extent, infeed, which would hardly be by those let in behind the scenes.

## SPECIAL TELEGRAMS TO THE MERALD.

Very Little Excitement in Intone, N. V.— The Fenium Working Actively and Secret-iy—The Restored Arms Still in the Neighbor-

There is very little excitement here about the threat-ened Fenian raid. The Fenians, however, are said to be naking active though secret preparations for move-nents. Although the circle here only numbers about eventy-five members, over a thousand men could be raised in this county if there was a reasonable prospec of success. The twenty wagon loads of arms and muni ment and subsequently restored to the Fenians are still in this neighborhood. No one seems to know what be-came of them; but it is generally believed that they will be produced when needed.

ports in this morning's New York Herald. A little excitement was created; but times will be lively within a week. On the frontier all is quiet.

#### POLICE INTELLIGENCE.

Mr. William H. Horton, the man who was arrested on suspicion of having set fire to his cotton warehouse, No. Fifth precinct. Fire Marshal Baker submitted the affi-Fifth precinct. Fire Marshal Baker submitted the a davits of several members of the Fire Department; others who were in the warehouse soon after the flat broke out, going to show that two or three cand stuck in soda water bottles were found burning different parts of the second story of the store in cle proximity to cotton bales. The facts developed in depositions are the same in substance as published the Herald of yesterday. The magistrate required Horton to give ball in the sum of \$5,000 to swatt it result of an examination. Mr. John Sedgwick appear as counsed for the defendant, who denies all knowled concerning the origin of the five, and expresses the belief that he will be able to establish his innocence.

erick Ricke, a young German, only mineteen years of age, walked into the store of Mr. John M. Nixon, 45 Warren street, and picking up a piece of carpet, valued at \$40, walked off with it. Oliver V. Stewart, employed in the store, witnessing the theft, pursued and arrested the thief, with the stolen property in his possession, Ricko was conducted back to the store and detained till

ALLEGED LARGEST OF CLOTHING. -- Mary McGuire, re ALLEGED LARGENT OF CLOTHING.—Mary McGuire, residing at No. 251 First avenue, complains that on the 24th inst., during a temporary absence from her rooms, a quantity of clothing, amounting in value to \$57, was stolen from her premises. Mary, in her complaint, states that she was informed by one Louis Markes that he saw three men coming from her house, one of whom carried a bundle, as if of clothes, under his arm. Still later in the day the officers, who had been informed of the alleged robbery, succeeded in arresting a man named Frank Wilson, who is supposed to be in some way connected with the operation. He was yesterday brought before Justice Ledwith, who, on the testimony adduced, decided to hold the accused in the sum of \$1,500 bail.

ALLEGEN FREMING POCKETS.—George Tucker, a gentle-

Allegen Picking Pockers.—George Tucker, a gentle ALLEGED PICKING POCKETS.—George Tucker, a gentleman living at 36 Whitehall street, while returning home after a visit to the famous Japanese troupe, entered one of the Fifth avenue stages. During the journey down town he noticed a gentlemanty looking man standing immediately opposite to him, but, having no suspicion of anything wrong, he failed to notice the loss of his watch—which was worth about \$50—until leaving the stage. He gave information of his loss at the Twenty-fifth precinct, and an officer was started on the track of the pickpocket. Yesterday the officer succeeded in arresting a man upon suspiciou, who was identified by the complainant as the man who rode with him in the stage. Justice Ledwith committed the accused for trial.

Strains Haff.—William H. Burroughs, doing business at No. 45 Third avenue, states that on the night of

ness at No. 45 Third avenue, states that on the night of the 24th inst., two persons, named respectively Ann and William Lewis, entered his store, apparently for the purpose of purchasing a hat. Mr. Burroughs alleges that while he was engaged with William, Ann was helping hersolf to a round half dozen of the same articles, which lay upon a table convenient. The value of the goods was estimated at \$12. During the operation two officers were watching the parties from the opposite of the street, and when they left the store they were arrested. The property stolen was recovered and identified by the owner. Testerday both parties were brought before Justice Ledworth, who committed them in default of ball to answer.

Carriers use of Firearms.—A boy named Charles Lonnecker, aged about thirteen, and residing at 570 Third

CARREDS USE OF FIRRARMS.—A boy named Charles Lonnecker, aged about thirteen, and residing at 570 Third avenue, was yesterday brought before Justice Manafield, and charged with inflicting a serious wound upon the person of Catharine Schworer, a little girl of about twelve years. It seems from the testimony that the boy was playing in the street, and was amuring himself with firing a pistol, the charge from which took effect in the leg of Catharine. The boy denied any intention of injuring the child and states that he did not see her when he fired the pistol. The magistrate admitted him to bail in the sum of \$1,000.

The MOSEY RECOVERED.—Louis Jehel, living at No. 13

THE MONEY RECOVERED. - Louis Jebel, living at No. 13 Ninth avenue, appeared before Justice Ledwith yester-day, and preferred charges against Charles Greenthorn, whom he accused of stealing the sum of \$59. The prop-erty was found in the possession of the prisoner. He pleaded guilty to the charge, and was committed, in de-fault of \$1,000 bail, to answer.

pleaded guilty to the charge, and was committed, in default of \$1,000 bail, to answer.

Tettimorial to Ovricens Dyer and Nash,—Last evaning a number of citizens met at the rooms of the Fire Commissioners, No. 9 Court street, for the purpose of making arrangements to get up a suitable testimonial for officers Dyer and Nash, of the Forty-dras precinct, for the courage and energy which they displayed in capturing the assamin Wm. T. Skidmers, Ex-Alderman L. F. Newman presided and Mr. Geo. H. Hayward acted as secretary. The following committee was appointed to secure subscriptions: —L. F. Newman, John Cashow, James Hanley, A. B. Thorne, Jeremiah Mundeil, Samuel Booth, Wm. A. Keese, D. H. Wag, John Naylor, Robert Furey, Wm. B. Barner, Thomas A. Steers, A. H. Gale, J. Corson Brevoot, B. J. Hathaway, Wm. M. Thomas, Charles A. Sheppard, Jacob I. Bergen, Francis C. Kirby, Chauncey M. Felt, Wm. G. Boggs, John L. Spader, Thomas Kinesila, John C. Roach, S. L. Husted, Martin Kaibfielsch, The meeting then adjourned until Wednesday night.

ARTINE RECEPTION.—The artists having studios at the Brooklyn Institute, in Washington street, near Concord, gave a reception to their friends yesterday afternoon and last evening. Mr. J. B. Whittaker, H. Cormerucke, R. Wright, R. M. Fuller, A. Chappell, R. L. Dick, Miss Dayton and others had some excellent sketches and portraits on view, which were much admired by the visitors.

terday on the beach at New Utrecht bay. It had the

#### CITY INTELLIGENCE

THE COLUMN OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK-DEPARTURE or Doctor WEISTER FOR EUROPE. -- Doctor Horace Webster the venerable President of the Faculty of the College the City of New York, formerly the Free Academy, about to visit Europe on a piessure trip, the first rela-tion he has permitted himself in twenty years. At meeting of the faculty held on Friday night, at wh. Dr. John J. Owen presided and Prof. Docharty acted Secretary, resolutions were adopted complimenting read of the head of the college and wishing him possible pleasure and benefit from his contemplate.

ment will be given on Thursday evening next at the Lycoum, stapleton, Staten Island, in aid of the Old Ladies' Home. The exercises will be under the conductorship of Mr. F. I. Eben, who has provided programme of choice selections from Donizetti, Meyer beer and Ricci, and a series of dramatic scenes and tale

COMPLAINT WITHDRAWS.—The charge of grand larceny proferred against David J. O'Connell for alleged em-

ordinance appropriating the following sums for the sup

ARRIVALS OF ENGRANCE, -The total num rants arrived in this city yesterday from various cou tries amounts to 2,205. Of this number the Liverpo steamship Etna landed 838; the steamship Horman from Bromen, 694; the Ocean Queen steamship, fro Aspinwall, 459, and the ship Minnehaha, of Londo derry, 223.

ted quarters against what is termed the otorious scoundrels who are now in the State Prison after having been convicted by the proper authorities. Owing to the senseless outcry made against the detectives on this score the Police Commissioners have expressed themselves as ready at any moment to inquire into the conduct of any member of the detective squad, against whom charges of malfesaance may be made, provided the evidence against him come from persons whose testimony would be admitted in any court of justice. They contend, and justit, that there is no reason why they should entertain the evidence of convicts, undergoing penalties for crimes committed, the discovery of which was in large part due to the efforts of the detectives themselves, when such evidence would not be considered valid in a court of competent jurisdiction. There is not a detective in either this city or Boston, by whose agency men of notoriously bad character have been convicted and sent to State Prison, against whom these convicts would not awar a murder or worse.

fourth anniversary of the school of the Collegiate Re tant Dutch Church was held in the church, corner of Fifth avenue and Twonty-ninth street, last Thursday evening. Rev. Dr. Chambers opened the exercises with prayer, after which an anthem was sung by the scholars. Musical and oratorical exercises succeeded, after which the Rev. Dr. Vermilye presented twenty-two prizes to as many happy recipients. Dr. De Witt then presented the diplomas, and addressed the graduates very impressively.

aid. A delegation, composed of Messru. Bernheimer. Schneider, Liebmann and Schneifer, was appointed to represent the Brewers' Association at the Central Organization of German Societies, recently organized for the purpose of agitating against the operations of the Excise Sand Sunday law and the ordinances of the Police and Excise Commissioners. A delegation of the above named Central Committee, headed by Mr. Maschowski, appeared, and was informed of the action taken by the Brewers' Association.

Surrosm Succide.—About five o'clock yesterday afternoon Officer Sisck, of the Seventeenth Precinct, while
patroling his best, was startled with the report of a
pistol, and an visiting the house whence it proceeded,
found that Louis Fittner, of 178 East Eleventh street,
had committed suicide by shooting himself in the head.
He was found extended upon a lounge, which, with
other indications, exhibited a deliberate purpose. His
family were out of town at the time, and in discharging
the pistol it had burst. No cause is assigned for this
act.

turbance occurred opposite No. 18 Bowery, in the tree of which Charles Tippolt, it is alleged, attempted bits off the ear of Thomas Clark, when he was ar-

cinct, made a descent last night upon the supposed thieves in his precinct and arrested eleven said to be well known characters.

Account.—About ten o'clock last night James Thompson, of Sixth avenue, near Thirty-seventh street, while was immediately conveyed to Bellevue Hospital.

## WESTCHESTER INTELLIGENCE.

confined in the State prison at Sing Sing 1,476 persons of which number 156 are females. There are 7 undergoing life sontences, 7 twenty years sentence; 11 fifteen years, 31 ten years, and the remainder for leaser pe riods, according to their various crimes. Among those under sentence of death are Charles M. Jeffers, Moses Lowenberg and Ignatz Ratzky, the murderers. Jeffers is employed culting stone, Lowenberg tailoring and Ratzky making augers. The notorious Dr. Charles Cobel, the abortionist, is to be seen wielding the tailor's goose in a masterly manner. The term of his servitude expires next October. The prison has just undergone a thorough cleansing and whitewashing and is throughout in excellent order. Should the number of convicts continue to increase as has recently been the case it will be impossible to furnish accommodations. There are now more persons than there are cells, so that it has been necessary to put two in a cell in several instances. A new hospital is now in course of erection on a portion of land to the south of the building at present used for that purpose. The later is to be turned into a workshop for the manufacture of prison clothing, &c. Owing to the admirable system of sanitary describine pursued in the institution there are but seventeen persons on the sick list, and those are mostly cases contracted previous to admission.

Lauxen or a Schoonsus er Sing Son. — Yesterday afternoon a large number of persons, including a fair portion ods, according to their various crimes. Among

noon a large number of persons, including a fair portion noon a large number of persons, including a fair portion of the gentler sex, assembled on the beach at Sing Sing to witness the launch of a very finely built schooner, hamed the G. A. Brandreth, built by Benjamin Sniffen of sing Sing. About half-past three, everything having been previously prepared, the word was given to let go, and the gallant little craft shot like an arrow into the bosom of the noble Hudson, amid the cheers and well wishes of the spectators. Her measurement is as follows:—57 feet keel, 6 feet I inch depth of hold, 25½ feet breadth of beam, and length of deck 70 feet; toninge, about 140 carriage. Her spars and rigging are of the best materials, no expense having been spared in her construction.

YOUTHFUL HOUSERREAGERS.—A few weeks since the residence of a Mr. Samuel Mott, at Sing Sing, was broken into while the members of the family were at broken into while the members of the family were church and a quantity of money and several oth articles carried off. Information was at once given Constable Church, who after some considerable troub succeeded in tracing the theft to two boys nam Henny and Noian. The last named was soon discoverand sent to the House of Refuge, but it was not un recently that the whereabouts of Henny were found of On being arrested he was taken before Justice Sini and sentenced to serve three months in the coun

named Carl Freuitz, residing at Tarrytown, had his leg broken and was otherwise injured through having fallen down stairs on Friday. It appears that the junfortu-nate man had just been to the well for some water, and in going up stairs stumbled, lost his balance and fell almost from the top to the bottom of the stairs. Med-ical assistance was at once procured and the injured man properly cared for.

The Brandow Case.—The proceedings in this case

have been brought to a rather abrupt termination, so far as the law is concerned, in consequence of the defendant having "made tracks" on board athe last steamer that sailed for California. Brandow was not, as stated by some of the papers, a member of the Methodist church, nor, in fact, was he ever associated in any shape or form with that body.

ARRIVAL OF THE UNITED STATES STEAMSHIP PURVEYOR. The United States steamship Purveyor, Acting Master James H. Stimpson, commanding, arrived at this port yesterday evening. The Purveyor left the Navy Yard at Brooklyn March 25, for Savannab and Mobile, loaded

at Brooklyn March 25, for Savannah and Mobile, loaded with corn for the destitute South, under the direction of the Southern Relief Commission of New York and Brooklyn. The Purveyor left at Savannah 18,637 bushels and at Mobile 18,000 bushels.

The following is a list of her officers:—

Acting Marier Commanding—James H. Stimpson.

Assistant Paymaster—Wm. J. Healy.

Acting Master Rudelph Sommers.

Acting Smeigns—John W. Almy, George Seroard.

Captain's Clerk—H. H. Stimpson.

Paymaster's Olerk—Charles V. Float.

Mater—Pater O'Connat.

#### CANADA.

SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE HERALD

Royal Rutification of the Dominton-The Canadian Scante-List of the Scuntors-A Man Already Crazed by Monarchy-Volun-

The Canadian Confederation act which usbers in the new North American dominion of England, was signed by Queen Victoria at Windsor Gastle, London, ros-

Canada comes into existence on the 1st of July nort. A list of the members of the Canadian Senate appo ed under the act by the Queen is published to-day.

teen of the old members have been left off the re Jos. F. Armand.
A. Foster,
Jos. S. Louis Lacorte,
L. A. Ulivier,

L. A. Ulivier,

L. A. Ulivier,

L. A. Louis Lacorte,
L. A. Ulivier,

L. A. U Jos. F. Armand,
A. Foster,
Jos. N. Bosaé,
L. A. Olivier,
Chas. Witson,
J. Ble. Prouis,
Louis Renaud,
Letellier de St. Masi,
M. J. Jessior,
John Hamitton,
Str. N. F. Belleau,
Total, twenty-one.

Total, twenty-one.

Mr. Letellier is the only reform man among the seing a Rouge. Perhaps Dumouchel is and We have already a rather melanchely example of the

ffects of all this canvass about royalty, don so forth. A respectable gentleman of this city has be-come slightly crased, taboring under the detusion that the Queen of Great Britain is his aunt, and that his mother, by some trick of law, swindled him out of ession of Buckingham Palace. Gos by his imaginary loss he made an attempt to

rolunteer review yesterday. There were five the

volunteers present.

There is not the elightest Fenian excitement be this moment.

#### AFFAIRS IN CINCINNATI.

CINCINNATI, May 25, 1867. The furniture establishment of C. W. Prior, near the orner of Main and Sixth streets, was entirely destroye

by fire this morning, and the rear of the Merchants' Hotel was considerably damaged. The total loss is about The races on the Buckeye Course commence on Mon. day. A large number of celebrated horses have arrived.

The Order of the Day.
A general order for Sozodont. In the teeth of all opption it has become the supreme dentrifice of the age.

A. WORDS OF VITAL INTEREST.

Will the thousands who read columns of frivolous we blage every day devote five minutes to the perusal of a fracts which concern them nearly? Our text is Health, a we will put our commentary into a nutshell. Weakness indirectly the cause of all sickness; for if nature be size enough to resist the morbid influences which produce illustrances from 90 to 86 agrees in the shade the most able are enough to resist the morbid influences which produce illustrances from 90 to 86 agrees in the shade the most able are enfeebled and the weak are prostrated. It is at such time that such an invigorator as HOSTETTER'S STOMAC BITTER'S is urgently needed. What are the effects of it may be a such as the shade the most able are enfeebled and the weak are prostrated. It is at such the produce in the shade in the shad

A.-The Material INSURANCE COMPANY, F. S WINSTON, Pr

Cash Assets,
ted on bond and mortgage or United States to
the every approved description of Life and I
ties on selected lives at moderate rate, reties annually to the Policy holders, to be use annually on to purchase additional in of premiums or to purchase additional in option of the assured.

BICHARD A. MCCURDY, Vice P. BHEPPARD HOMANS, Assurer

All Physicians who have Used Spect's Per GRAPE WINK recommend it above all other wines for its valuable medicinal properties, especially for females are debilitated persons. Sold by druggists and A. SPEER, M.

A.—A.—Kaldenberg & Son Pfanufacturand cut to order fine Mecrachaum Pipes, Holders, 20., & Repairing, boiling, &c., done better than by any other hous Nos. 4 and 6 John street, up stair.

A-X-A-X-A-X-A-X-A-X-A-X-A-X-A-X-Spring Boots and Shoes at reduced prices. LORI BROOKS & SONS, 454 Broadway, corner Howard. Estat

All the Highest Premiums, 1866.—Billett Look Stitch Sawing Machines, manufactured by Wheeler Wilson Co. Sold only by Elliptic S. M. Co., 543 Broadway

At Wm. Everdell's Sons, 104 Fulton Street, Y.—Their cost pressed Wedding Billets, Cards and Ba-llopes, patented May 14, 1987. Are You Bald or Gray? Use "Singer's HAIR RESTORATIVE." Sold by Rushton, 19 Aster House Caswell, Harard & Co., Fifth Avenue Hotel: J. C. Rushton, Broadway, corner of Twenty-fifth street, and druggists and lancy goods dealers everywhere. Office, 645 Broadway.

A.—575 Broadway.—No Walking Suit Complete for ladies and gents, without BROOKS POLISH ogainer books. The only place to get the genuine article, 22 Broadway, opposite Metropolitan Hotel. Burnett's Kalifeton, as a Wash for Beauty

fying the complexion, has no equal. It is distinguishe its cooling and soothing properties, and is admirably a cd to all unnatural conditions of the akin, removing Sunburn, Freckles, Redness and Roughness of the Skin curing Chapped Hands, and allaying the Irritation ob the bites of mosquitoes and other annoying insects, soid at 502 Broadway.

Ratchelor's Hair Dyc.—The Best in the world; the only perfect Dyc. barmless, reliable, instantaneous, Factory of Barclay street. Bartlett's Reversible Sewing Machines are

Claret.-1.000 Cases, in Fine Order; Chaspagne Cider, 1.000 cases, quarts and pints.
JOHN J. STAFF & SON, 153 Chambers street. Campbell. Apothecary. corner Righth Avenue and Twenty-eighth street. Proprietor constantly to attendance and pure medicines.

Cristadoro's Hair Dye. The Best Ever Man-factured. Wholesale and retail; also applied, at Sa. 5 Constitution Water is a Certain Cure for Di-

Grover & Baker's Highest Premium Sowing Old Landmark Revived by the Opening of

One Hundred Dollars in a Paper of Te-hacco.—Mr. S. Dayton, S. Nasau street, with G. W. & E. Walgrees, clothing dealers, purchased a paper of CENTURY Tobacco containing a \$100 greenback, on the Ed inst., from J. B. Kaynor, fruit dealer, 355 Broadway.

Murtaugh's Celebrated Dumb Waiters, Man-ufactured only at 1,335 Broadway, near Thirty-seventh street. Dumb Waiters of all kinds repaired at the shortes notice, by JAMES MURTAUGH. Root Beer! Root Beer! Root Beer!
This delicious and healthy summer beverage can be may be very family with very little trouble and triffing expensive and triffi

Royal Havana Lottery. Prizos Paid la old. Information furnished. The highest rates paid (or lossisous and all kinds of Gold and Silver. TAYLOR & CO., Bankers, 16 Wall street, S. f.

Still Another \$100 Rill Found in a Paper of CESTURE — A poor man in Yorkville, disabled by an seed deal and out of money, consoled himself with a paper of CESTUREY on trust, until better days should turn up. His expects lions as to better days were immediately realised upon funding One Hundred Dollars. There are others out, and the same amount is placed in one paper out of each let pack ad daily by Mears. P. & G. LORILLIARD, 16 Chambers street.

The Universal Favorite Cigar.
WHOLESALE AND BETAIL
M. SALOHONS, 419 Broadway, corner Canal sizes The Howe Blackine Co.'s f.ock Seitch flowing Machine. - RLIAS HOWE, Jr. (original inventor of the sewing machine), President, 50 Broadway, New York. Unlimited Variety in Untrimmed Anse for ladies, children and Infana. Seventy-five satirely new Spring and Summer Syries to most fash onable materials and comercials obser prices, at

SIS Broadwap, St. Hickory

Wheeler & Wilson's Lock -Stitch Sewing Me